



LAWS OF SEYCHELLES

FISHERIES ACT

CHAPTER 82

(SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION)

REVISED EDITION 2010
PRINTED FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF SEYCHELLES

THE GOVERNMENT PRINTER

SECTION 2

Fisheries (Designation of Authorised Officers) NoticeS.I. 23/1989
S.I. 29/1993
S.I. 21/2000*[2nd May, 2000]*

1. This Notice may be cited as the Fisheries
(Designation of Authorised Officers) Notice.

Citation

2. The Minister of Agriculture and Marine
Resources designates the following persons to be
authorised officers for the purposes of this Act —

Authorised
Officer

Glenny Savy
Philippe Michaud
Joel Nageon de Lestang
Felix Labrosse
Carmen Rene
Alexander Tirant
Ralph Jeannevol
Gerard Domingue
Rolly Saminadin
Percy Laporte
Alvis Collie
Imier Sophola
Emiliano Isnard
Gerard Ernesta
Lt. Colonel Andre Ciseau
Lt. Colonel Donald Gertrude
Capt. Leslie Benoiton
Capt. Joseph Legras
Capt. Robert Antat
Capt. Fernand Laporte
Capt. Joachim Telemaque
Capt. Tom Estico
Capt. Simon Laurencine
Lieutenant Jean Attala
2nd Lieutenant Flavy Lafortune
2nd Lieutenant Danny Nourice

S.I. 5/1008
 S.I. 25/1999
 S.I. 19/2001
 S.I. 19/2002
 S.I. 25/2004
 S.I. 32/2005
 S.I. 45/2006
 S.I. 48/2007
 S.I. 44/2009

Fisheries Regulation

[31st March 1987]

PART 1 – PRELIMINARY

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| Citation | 1. These Regulations may be cited as the Fisheries Regulations. |
| Interpretation | 2. In these Regulations — |
| Cap. 113 | <p>“licensing law” means the Licences Act or any other law for the time being regulating the grant of licences required under this Act;</p> <p>“outer island” means an outer island as set out in Schedule 1 to the Constitution;</p> <p>“shell” means a marine molluse, its hard outer covering or any part of a marine molluse or its covering;</p> <p>“spear gun” means any device or instrument designated to propel any missile under water for the purpose of catching, injuring or killing any aquatic organism;</p> <p>“unworked”, in relation to a shell or turtle shell, means one that has not been transformed into a decorative or utilitarian object by an industrial or craft process, and includes a shell or turtle shell that has only been cleaned, polished and varnished.</p> |

PART II – FISHING VESSEL

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|-----------|--|
| Exemption | 3. A local fishing vessel not exceeding seven metres in overall length of any size but not mechanically propelled, is exempted from the requirement of a licence under section 9 of the Act. |
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4. An application for a licence in respect of a fishing vessel under section 7 or section 9 of the Act shall be made in accordance with the licensing law and the regulations made thereunder.

Licence
application
and fees

5. The following clause shall form part of every fishing agreement under section 6 of the Act except where the agreement expressly provides otherwise —

Fishing
Agreement

STANDARD REQUIREMENTS

Every vessel licensed pursuant to this Agreement shall comply with the following requirements —

- (a) No fishing shall be conducted in the zones specified in the First Schedule;
- (b) All catches taken from the Seychelles waters shall be landed or transhipped in Port Victoria except as otherwise authorised by SFA;
- (c) All supplies and services required for the operation of the vessel shall be procured in Seychelles except if such supplies or services are not available locally;
- (d) The exact position of the vessel shall, whenever the vessel is in the Seychelles waters, be reported twice weekly to SFA directly by radio or telex.

6. A licence required for the purposes of section 7 of this Act shall be subject to the following conditions —

Conditions
of
Foreign
fishing
vessel
licence

- (a) the vessel shall only be used for such fishing and related activities, during such period, and in such places as are specified in the licence;

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- (b) all provisions of this Act shall be complied with;
- (c) the licensee shall appoint an agent approved by SFA who shall be authorised to accept legal and financial responsibility and service of any notice, summons or other document, on behalf of the licensee in relation to activities of the vessel;
- (d) the vessel shall maintain a logbook in which are recorded the nature, time and position of all fishing operations in the Seychelles waters, and the quantity of catch by species, including fish caught but not landed or retained on board;
- (e) reports of the information required to be recorded under paragraph (d) shall be transmitted by the master of the vessel to SFA —
- (i) on request of SFA during the term of the licence; and
- (ii) not later than 30 days after the expiry of the licence;
- (f) the master of the vessel shall cause its position to be reported by radio or other means of communication approved by SFA —
- (i) upon entering or leaving Seychelles waters;
- (ii) every three days while in Seychelles waters;
- (iii) at all other times when requested by SFA to do so;
- (g) the master of the vessel shall, whenever requested by SFA or any other authorised officer,

permit boarding and inspection of the vessel, produce for examination licences, logbooks and other documents required to be maintained, and all nets and other fishing gear and fish and bring the vessel into port;

- (h) the vessel shall at all times while in Seychelles waters —
- (i) fly the flag of its flag State; and
 - (ii) display so as to be clearly visible both from the sea and from the air, on both sides of the funnel or the superstructure, the licence number in white markings of at least 90 centimetres in height in the case of a vessel whose overall length exceeds 18 metres, or 45 centimetres in height in any other case, on a black background;
- (i) the master of the vessel shall permit observers designated by SFA to go and remain on board the vessel for any or all of the period of validity of the licence and shall —
- (i) provide the observers with suitable food and accommodation; and
 - (ii) arrange for the observers to send and receive messages by way of the communications facilities on board the vessel;
- (j) any records, reports or notifications required to be maintained or made under this regulation shall be maintained or

made in Creole, English or French language.

Conditions of a
local fishing
vessel licence
S.I. 19/2002

7. A licence required for the purposes of section 9 of the Act shall be subject to the following conditions —

- (a) the conditions stated in regulation 6 other than paragraphs (c), (d), (e), (f), (h) and (i);
- (b) the vessel shall display so as to be clearly visible both from the sea and from the air, on both sides of the funnel or the superstructure, the licence number in white markings of at least 90 centimetres in height in the case of a vessel whose overall length exceeds 18 metres, or 45 centimetres in height in any other case, on a black background;
- (c) all fish caught shall be landed or transshipped in Port Victoria unless otherwise provided by the licence or specifically approved by SFA;
- (d) the vessel shall not, at any time during the period of validity of the licence, be a vessel registered at a foreign port;
- (e) the employment of any non-Seychellois person on the vessel or in respect of any fishing or related activities under the licence shall require the prior written approval of the SFA.

Authorisation
under section
17A
application,
fee, conditions
etc.
S.I.19/2001
S.I. 25/2004

7A.(1) A person may make an application for an authorisation under section 17A of the Act in such form as may be provided by SFA.

(2) Each authorisation shall be valid for a period of one year or such shorter period as may be specified therein,

from the date of the grant of authorisation.

(3) There shall be paid to SFA in respect of such authorization a fee of —

- (a) R500, for a local fishing vessel;
- (b) R2,500 for a foreign fishing vessel.

Provided that where the authorisation is valid for a period of less than one year, there shall be paid a fee calculated *pro rata* based on the fee referred to in paragraph (a) or (b) as the case may be.

(4) An authorization may be renewed on application being made before the expiry of the current authorisation and on payment of the fee specified in subregulation (3).

(5) An authorisation under section 17A of the Act shall be subject to the following conditions —

- (a) the vessel shall only be used for such fishing and related activities during such period, and in such places as are specified in the authorisation;
- (b) the provisions of the Act and regulations made under the Act shall be complied with;
- (c) there shall be maintained in the vessel a log book in which are recorded the nature, times and position of all fishing operations, and the quantity of catch by species including fish caught but not landed or retained on board;
- (d) reports of the information required to be recorded under paragraph (c) shall be transmitted by the master of the vessel to SFA at any time when SFA may request

and whenever the vessel is in a port in Seychelles;

- (e) the master of the vessel shall cause its position to be reported by radio or other means of communication approved by SFA —
 - (i) upon entering or leaving waters under any other national jurisdiction;
 - (ii) every three days while in Seychelles waters or on the high seas;
 - (iii) at all other times when requested by SFA to do so;
- (f) the master of the vessel shall, whenever requested by an authorised officer of a party to an agreement to which Seychelles is a party and which provides for stopping and boarding, stop the vessel and take all necessary measures to facilitate boarding and inspection of the vessel and shall, if required, bring the vessel into port;
- (g) the vessel shall at all times display so as to be clearly visible both from the sea and from the air, on both sides of the funnel or the superstructure the licence number or other number assigned by SFA, in white of at least 90 centimetres in height in the case of a vessel whose overall length exceeds 18 metres or 45 centimetres in any other case, on a black background;
- (h) the authorisation shall be carried aboard the vessel whenever it is fishing outside Seychelles waters;
- (i) any record, report or notification required to be maintained or made under these regulations

shall be maintained or made in Creole, English or French.

8. An authorisation under section 17 of the Act shall be subject to the following conditions —

Authorisation
to conduct
scientific
research

- (a) no operations may take place until a research plan has been approved by the Minister or other person named by him;
- (b) copies of all data derived from the research and any analysis, report or other result of the research shall be communicated in full to SFA as soon as they are produced, whether or not they are available to any other person.

9. Any foreign vessel that is not licensed in accordance with section 7 or is not authorised under section 17 of the Act shall keep its fishing gear stowed in the following manner:

Stowage

- (a) in the case of purse seiners;
 - (i) the boom shall be lowered;

all nets and ropes shall be carried wholly inboard and lashed to the deck or superstructure;

all boats belonging to the purse seiner shall be carried wholly inboard;

the helicopter shall be lashed down;
- (b) in the case of long-liners:

all lines shall be stowed below deck;
- (c) in the case of trawlers:

all gear shall be stowed below deck.

PART III – LARGE NETS

Large nets
S.I. 5 of 1998

10.(1) No person shall fish in the territorial waters with the use of net except pursuant to a valid licence granted under the licensing law or in accordance with section 7 or section 9 of the Act.

(2) A net licensed in accordance with this regulation shall be marked by an authorised officer with a lead seal or other mark bearing the licence number of the net.

(3) Any person who —

- (a) removes or alters a mark made under sub-regulation (2); or
- (b) marks an unlicensed net in such a way as to make it appear to have been marked under sub-regulation (2),

shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine of R5,000.

Marine shells

11.(1) Subject to sub-regulation (2), no person shall, in any place specified in the Second Schedule —

- (a) collect any shell from; or
- (b) disturb any shell or its natural environment on,

a reef, a rock or the bed of a lagoon.

(2) Subregulation (1) shall not apply to any shell specified in the Third Schedule.

(3) No person shall in any part of Seychelles collect any triton conch shell (*charonia tritonis*) known locally as

lancive or disturb such a shell or its natural environment.

(4) No person shall purchase, sell, offer or expose for sale or export or attempt to export any triton conch shell (*charonia tritonis*), locally known as lancive.

(5) No person shall purchase, sell or offer or expose for sale an unworked shell, except a shell specified in the Third Schedule.

(6) No person shall export more than two kilogrammes of shells except pursuant to a permit granted by the SFA.

(7) No person shall possess more than 20 kilogrammes of shells except pursuant to a permit granted by the SFA.

(8) No person shall use any explosive for the purpose of blasting any coral or reef except pursuant to a permit granted by the SFA with the approval of the Commissioner of Police.

(9) The SFA may grant a permit authorising the holder to export such quantity and description of shells as are stated in the permit.

(10) The SFA may in a permit granted under subregulation (7) authorise the holder to possess such quantity and description of shells as are stated in the permit.

(11) The SFA may, if it finds that such action is consistent with the preservation of the marine environment, grant a permit to blast any area of reef or coral that is not within an area designated under section 4 of the National Parks and Nature Conservancy Act.

(12) (a) The SFA may suspend or prohibit the harvesting or exportation of any shell specified in the Third Schedule, where such action is necessary or expedient for collecting and analyzing statistical data and other information on that shell;

Cap. 141

S.I. 44/2009

-
- (b) The Minister shall, by Order published in the Gazette, specify the type of shell whose harvest or exportation is to be suspended or prohibited under paragraph (a);
- (c) An Order made under paragraph (b) shall —
- (i) Specify the reason for the suspension or prohibition; and
 - (ii) state the date on which the order shall come into operation.
- (d) An order made under paragraph (b) continues in force until it is cancelled by the Minister by order published in the Gazette.

Protection
of green
turtle

12.(1) No person shall fish for, catch, kill, disturb or possess a female green turtle.

(2) No person shall fish for, catch, kill, sell or expose for sale any male green turtle except pursuant to a valid permit granted by SFA.

(3) Every permit granted under subregulation (2) shall, in addition to any other conditions which SFA may deem fit to impose, specify the number of green turtles for which it is valid, and the manner of sale or other disposition of the meat.

(4) The number of green turtles for which a permit may be granted in any year shall not exceed an aggregate number which shall be determined by the Minister at the beginning of each year.

(5) A permit under subregulation (2) shall, unless sooner suspended or revoked, be valid for such period not exceeding one year as may be specified in the permit.

Protection of
hawksbill
turtle

13.(1) No person shall fish for, catch, kill or disturb a female hawksbill turtle.

(2) No person shall fish for, catch, kill or disturb a male hawksbill turtle except pursuant to a permit granted by SFA.

(3) If a hawksbill turtle is unintentionally wounded or caught it shall be returned to the sea except that, if it is dead or so severely injured as to render its recovery unlikely, it shall be delivered forthwith to the Minister or a person authorised by the Minister.

(4) The holder of a permit under sub-regulation (2) may dispose of hawksbill turtles only in the form of shell sold to artisans in the business of working such shell.

(5) Every delivery of hawksbill turtle shell to an artisan shall be accompanied by a certificate of the permit holder stating the quantity of shell delivered.

(6) A permit holder under subregulation (2) shall maintain records of all capture and acquisition of hawksbill turtles and of all dispositions of shell.

(7) No person shall possess unworked hawksbill turtle shell except pursuant to a permit granted under subregulation (2), provided that an artisan in the business of working such shell may possess unworked shells for the purpose of such business if accompanied by a certificate issued under subregulation (5).

PART IV – FISHERIES MANAGEMENT

14. No person shall use any demersal trawl net for fishing in Seychelles waters.

Demersal
trawling

15.(1) The following shall be protected areas —

Protected
Areas

(a) in the waters around Mahe —

the whole of the reef situated on the east coast of Mahe from North East Point and where such reefs extend less

than one thousand metres from the high water mark such portion of the sea as is within one thousand metres of the high water mark;

(b) in the waters around Praslin —

the whole of the reefs situated on the south east coast of Praslin from an imaginary line drawn from “Roche Corbijeaux” to the northernmost of North Cousin Island to Anse Marie Louise inclusive, and, where such reefs extend less than one thousand metres from the high water mark, such portion of the sea as is within one thousand metres from the high water mark;

(c) in the waters around La Digue —

the whole of the reef situated on the west coast of La Digue from the northern point of that island to its southernmost point and, where such reefs extend less than one thousand metres from the high water mark such portion of the sea as is within one thousand metres of the high water mark.

(2) No person shall fish in a protected area S.I. 5 of 1998 with any net whatsoever.

Restriction on net fishing of mackerel S.I. 5 of 1998

16. No person shall place any net in any channel in such a way as to obstruct the passage of passes

Nets to be mounted with lead ropes

16A. No person shall engage in fishing for mackerel by using a net at any time before 5 a.m. or after 4.00 p.m. on any day.

Prohibition of net fishing of sharks S.I. 5 of 1998

16B. All fishing nets shall be mounted with lead ropes so as minimize damage to coral.

Mesh size of traps

16C. No person shall engage in fishing for sharks by using nets.

17. No person shall fish with or possess any casier or basket trap unless the meshes of the sides or surrounding parts of the trap (not including the entrance (lagel) are of such dimensions as to allow a sphere of 40 millimetres in diameter to pass through such meshes without touching the sides thereof.

Mesh size of traps

18.(1) No person shall use any spear gun for fishing or be in possession of the spear gun in circumstances which raise a reasonable inference that the spear gun has been used or is intended to be used for fishing in Seychelles.

Spear guns

(2) No person shall sell or offer for sale any spear gun.

19.(1) Subject to this regulation, a person shall not —

Protection of homard
S.I. 36/1989
S.I. 70/1994
S.I. 94/1992

(a) fish for, catch or kill homard in Seychelles waters, or

(b) sell, purchase or be in possession of homard which has been fished from or caught in Seychelles waters.

(2) A person shall not —

(a) fish for, catch, kill, sell, purchase or be in possession of a homard in the berried state, or

(b) remove the eggs from any homard in the berried state.

(3) The prohibition contained in subsection (1) shall not apply —

(a) in the case of fishing for, catching, killing, selling or being in possession of homard, to a person who holds a licence to fish for homard issued under the licensing law;

-
- (b) in the case of selling, purchasing or being in possession of homard by a person other than a person who holds a licence to fish for homard, to a person who had purchased the homard from a person so licensed.

(4) Notwithstanding any other written law, a person who has a homard in his custody or control shall be presumed, until he proves the contrary, that he has obtained, or is in possession of, the homard contrary to this regulation.

(5) A licence to fish for homard shall, in addition to any other condition which may be imposed under or in accordance with the licensing law, be subject to the following conditions —

- (a) the holder of the licence shall not fish for, catch or kill homard in Seychelles waters except during the open season;
- (b) the holder of the licence shall not at any time fish for, catch or kill homard in a protected area;
- (c) the holder of the licence shall not fish for, catch or kill a homard which is less than 7.5 cm in length, measured from the eye socket along a line parallel to the centre line of the body shell (carapace) to the rear end of the body shell (carapace) of the homard; and
- (d) the holder of the licence shall not sell homard caught by him in the Seychelles water to a person other than the Seychelles Trading Company or a person who has been authorised by the Seychelles Trading Company to purchase homard from the holder of a licence to fish for calib fish or sell homard.

(6) For the purposes of this Regulation —

“closed season” (Repealed)

S.I. 45/2006
S.I. 48/2007

“homard” means any crustacean of the family Palinuridae which is known locally as homard;

“homard in the berried state” means a homard with eggs adherent;

“open season” means the period or periods within any year that is determined as the “open season” by the Minister by notice published in the official gazette.

“protected area” means any place which is designated as a shell reserve in the Second Schedule;

19A.(1) No person shall fish for, catch or process sea cucumbers except under the authority of, and in accordance with the terms of, a licence issued under the licensing law.

Taking and
processing
of sea
cucumbers
S.I. 25/1999

(2) A licence referred to in subregulation (1) shall, in addition to any other condition which may be imposed under the licensing law be subject to the following conditions —

- (a) the licence shall be independent of any other licence required by law;
- (b) the holder of the licence shall not fish in the protected areas as defined by regulation 19(6);
- (c) the holder of the licence shall furnish such information relating to fishing or processing carried on under the licence as the SFA.

(3) An application for a licence under this regulation shall be made in the form provided by the SFA.

(4) There shall be paid a licence fee of R300 per annum in respect of each licence issued under this Regulation.

Protected of
female
crustacean

20.(1) No person shall fish for, catch, kill, purchase, sell or possess any female crustacean in the berried state, that is to say with eggs adherent and which belongs to the family scyllaridae, the genus macrobrachium or the genus scylla, known locally as crevice camaron and crab maglier respectively.

(2) No person shall remove the eggs from any berried female crustacean.

Protection of
certain
crustacean

21.(1) No person shall fish for, catch, kill, purchase, sell or possess any crustacean which is of less than the minimum dimension prescribed in subregulation (2) for that kind of crustacean.

(2) The following dimensions are established for crustaceans —

(a) from the tip of the nostrum to the end of the tail —

(i) family scyllaridae (crevice) 20 cm;

(ii) genus macrobrachium (camaron) 9 cm;

(b) the width of the carapace —

(i) genus Scylla (crabe manglier) 11 cm.

Unintentional
catches

except as otherwise provided by the Act or these , any protected aquatic organism that is caught

unintentionally shall be returned to the sea forthwith and with the least possible injury.

23. No person shall remove, damage, disturb or remove any fish or other aquatic organism from any net, trap, line, fish aggregating device or other fishing gear found in Seychelles waters, except for the purpose of restoring lost gear to its rightful owner.

Interference
with gear

24.(1) The limits of every aquaculture concession shall be marked with buoys so as to be readily discernible from both the shore and sea.

Aquaculture
concession
S.I. 54 of 1993

(2) No person shall fish in an aquaculture concession marked as required by subregulation (1) or enter such concession except pursuant to the authorisation of the grantee of the concession.

24A. No person shall land or transship in Seychelles or Seychelles waters any fish that has been caught contrary to international management measures which Seychelles is bound by international agreement to respect.

Control of
landings and
transshipment
S.I. 19/2001

25.(1) An application for a permit under these Regulations shall be made to the SFA in writing.

Application
for permits

(2) On making an application under subregulation (1), the applicant shall furnish to the SFA such particulars and information as the SFA may require.

(3) Any permit issued under these Regulations may be subject to such conditions, limitations and restrictions as may be specified in the permit.

25A.(1) No person shall fish or catch, for live trade any wild finfish of the classes Chondrichthyes (Cartilaginous Fishes) and Osteichthyes (Bony Fishes).

Catching and
export of
certain classes
of fish
S.I. 32/2005

(2) No person shall fish or catch for live trade other than marine organisms except under and in accordance with the terms of a licence issued under the licensing law.

(3) Marine organisms other than those referred to in subregulation (1) may be exported live in accordance with subregulations (4), (5), (6) and (7).

(4) An application for an export permit under subregulation (3) shall be made to the SFA on an application form provided by the SFA.

(5) An application may be required to furnish such additional particulars and information to the SFA as the SFA may specify.

(6) Any licence issued under these regulations may be subject to such conditions, limitations and restrictions as may be specified in the licence. Limitations and restrictions can be in the form of quotas, minimum size or be based on other regulations or management plans in place.

(7) There shall be paid a licence fee of R.2000.00 per annum in respect of each licence issued under this regulation.

Offences

26. A person who contravenes any of these Regulations is guilty of an offence and is liable, where no penalty is provided for the offence, to a fine of R10,000.

Reg.5(a)

FIRST SCHEDULE

Zones where Fishing by Foreign Vessels is prohibited

Zone 1: Comprising an area around Mahe Island and Seychelles Bank with the boundary running as follows —

From Point 1 (Latitude 5° 22.0'S and Longitude 57° 23.0'E) to Point 2 (Latitude 3° 40.0'S and Longitude 56° 06,9'E) to Point 3 (Latitude 3° 30.0'S and Longitude 55° 11.0'E) to Point 4 (Latitude 3° 55.0'S and Longitude 54° 23.0'E) to Point 5 (Latitude 4° 44.0'S and Longitude 56°

08.0'E) to point 6 (Latitude 5° 38.0'S and Longitude 56° 08.0'E) to point 7 (Latitude 6° 34.04'S and Longitude 56° 02.0'E) to Point 8 (Latitude 6° 34.0'S and Longitude 56° 23.0'E) and back to Point 1, the Point of commencement.

Zone 2: Comprising an area around Platte Island with the boundary running as follows —

From Point 1 (Latitude 6° 06.3'S and Longitude 55° 35.6'E) to Point 2 (Latitude 5° 39.0'S and Longitude 55° 35.6'E) to Point 3 (Latitude 5° 39.0'S and Longitude 55° 10.0'E) and back to Point 1, the point of commencement.

Zone 3: Comprising an area around Coetivy Island with the boundary running as follows: —

From Point 1 (Latitude 7° 23.0'S and Longitude 56° 25.0'E) to Point 2 (Latitude 6° 53.0'S and Longitude 56° 35.0'E) to Point 3 (Latitude 6° 53.0'S and Longitude 56° 06.0'E) to Point 4. (Latitude 7° 23.0'S and Longitude 55° 56.0'E) and back to Point 1, the point of commencement.

Zone 4: Comprising an area around the Fortune Bank with the boundary running as follows: —

From Point 1 (Latitude 7° 35.0'S and Longitude 57° 13.0'E) to Point 2 (Latitude 7° 01.0'S and Longitude 56° 56.0'E) to Point 3 (Latitude 7° 01.0'S and Longitude 56° 45.0'E) to Point 4 (Latitude 7° 16.0'S and Longitude 56° 40.0'E) to Point 5 (Latitude 7° 35.0'S and Longitude 56° 49.0'E) and back to Point 1, the point of commencement.

Zone 5: Comprising an area around the Amirantes Islands, with the boundary running as follows: —

From Point 1 (Latitude 5° 45.0'S and Longitude 53° 55.0'E) to Point 2 (Latitude 4° 41.0'S and Longitude 53° 35.6'E) to Point 3 (Latitude 4° 41.0'S and Longitude 53° 13.0'E) to Point 4 (Latitude 6° 09.0'S and Longitude 52° 36.0'E) to Point 5 (Latitude 6° 33.0'S and Longitude 53° 06.0'E) and back to Point 1, the point of commencement.

Zone 6: Comprising an area around Alphonse Island with the boundary running as follows: —

From Point 1 (Latitude 7° 21.5'S and Longitude 52° 56.5'E) to Point 2 (Latitude 6° 48.0'S and Longitude 52° 56.5'E) to Point 3 (Latitude 6° 48.0'S and Longitude 52° 32.0'E) to Point 4 (Latitude 7° 21.5'S and Longitude 52° 32.0'E) and back to Point 1, the point of commencement.

Zone 7: Comprising an area around the islands of Providence, Farquhar and St. Pierre and Wizard Reef with boundary as follows: —

From Point 1 (Latitude 10° 20.0'S and Longitude 51° 29.0'E) to Point 2 (Latitude 8° 39.0'S and Longitude 51° 12.0'E) to Point 3 (Latitude 9° 04.0'S and Longitude 50° 28.0'E) to Point 4 (Latitude 10° 30.0'S and Longitude 50° 46.0'E) and back to Point 1, the point of commencement.

Zone 8: Comprising an area around Cosmoledo and Astove Islands with the boundary running as follows: —

From Point 1 (Latitude 10° 18.0'S and Longitude 48° 02.0'E) to Point 2 (Latitude 9° 34.0'S and Longitude 47° 49.0'E) to Point 3 (Latitude 9° 23.0'S and Longitude 47° 34.0'E) to Point 4 (Latitude 9° 39.0'S and Longitude 47° 14.0'E) to Point 5 (Latitude 10° 18.0'S and Longitude 47°

36.0'E) and back to Point 1, the point of commencement.

Zone 9: Comprising an area around Aldabra and Assumption Islands, with the boundary running as follows: —

From Point 1 (Latitude 9° 54.0'S and Longitude 46° 44.0'E) to Point 2 (Latitude 9° 10.0'S and Longitude 46° 44.0'E) to Point 3 (Latitude 9° 10.0'S and Longitude 46° 01.0'E) to Point 4 (Latitude 9° 59.0'S and Longitude 46° 01.0'E) and back to Point 1, the point of commencement.

The area of the zones described in this Schedule are shown in red lines on charts ML/AND/73B deposited in the office of the Director of Surveys.

Reg. 11(1) SECOND SCHEDULE

SHELL RESERVES

A. On the East Coast of Mahe —

1. North East Point and Anse Nord d'Est:

The area lying within 400 metres seaward from the low-water mark between North East Point and the Western end of Carana Beach.

2. South East Island to Pointe au Sel:

The areas lying within 400 metres seaward from the low-water mark between the northeast corner of South East Island and Anse Faure and the area lying between the low-water mark and the edge of the reef between Anse Faure and Pointe au Sel.

B. On the North Coast of La Digue —

La Passe by Pointe Cap Barbi to Cap Bayard River:

The area lying within 400 metres from the low-water mark between the jetty at La Passe and the mouth of Cap Bayard River.

C. On the North Coast of Praslin.

Pointe Zanguilles to Anse Boudin:

The area lying within 400 metres seaward from the low-water mark between the lighthouse at Pointe Zanguilles and a point 270 metres beyond the mouth of Mon Desir River.

Reg. 11(2)

THIRD SCHEDULE

SHELLS

Bernique
Bigorneau
Burgot
Chicoret
Hache d'Ames
Huitre (edible)
Huitre (mother of pearl)
Mouque
Octopus
Palourde
Squid
Tec Tec
